# Three rural definitions based on Census Places

Rural locations are those outside Census Places with a population...

..greater than or equal to 2,500

Outside Census Places >= 2,500 people

...greater than or equal to 10,000

Outside Census Places >= 2,500 people

Census Places: 2,500 - 9,999

...greater than or equal to 50,000

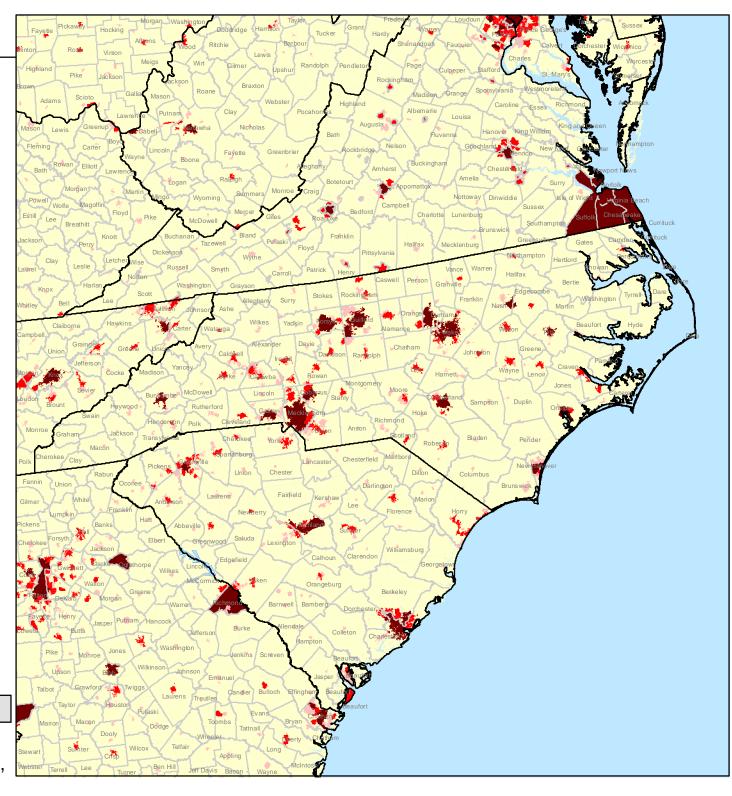
Outside Census Places >= 2,500 people

Census Places: 2,500 - 9,999

Census Places: 10,000 - 49,999

Urban locations under all three defintions:

Census Places: >= 50,000 people



# Three rural definitions based on Census Urban Areas

Rural locations are those outside Census Urban Areas with a population...

...greater than or equal to 2,500

Outside Census Urban Areas >= 2,500

...greater than or equal to 10,000

Outside Census Urban Areas >= 2,500

Census Urban Areas: 2.500 - 9.999

...greater than or equal to 50,000

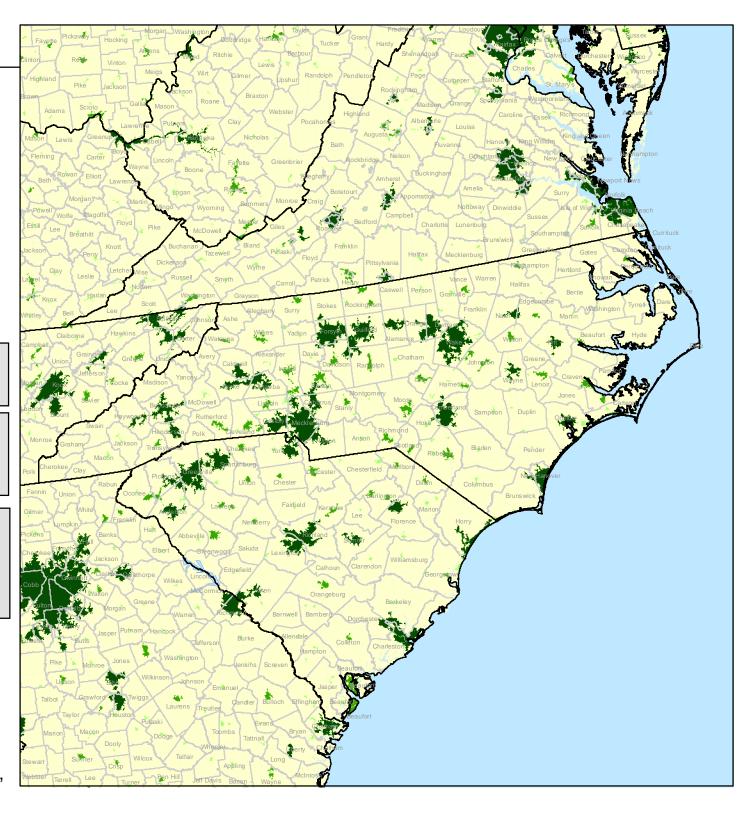
Outside Census Urban Areas >= 2,500

Census Urban Areas: 2,500 - 9,999

Census Urban Areas: 10,000 - 49,999

Urban locations under all three definitions:

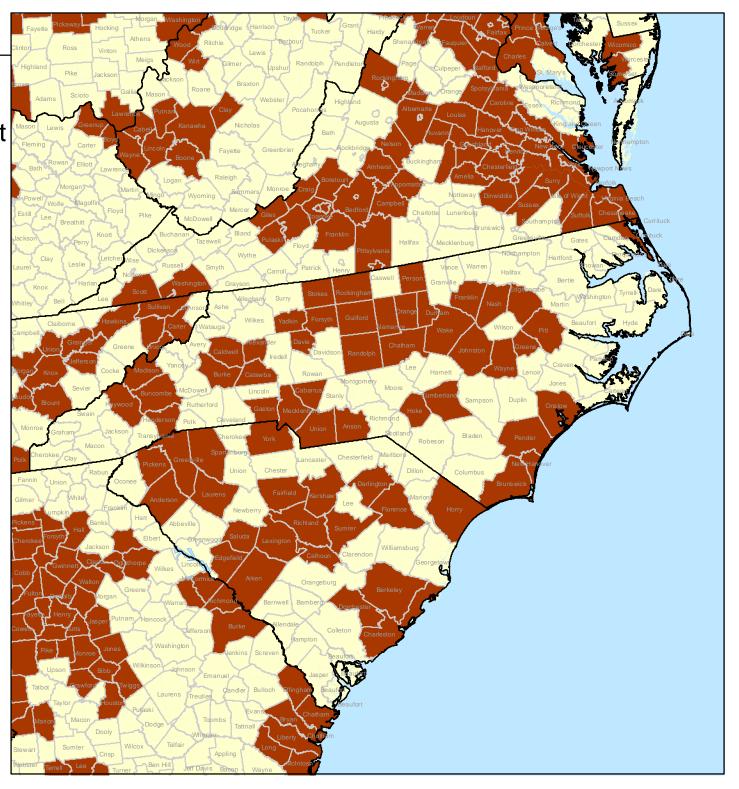
Census Urban Areas: >= 50,000



Rural definition based on Office of Management and Budget (OMB) metro counties

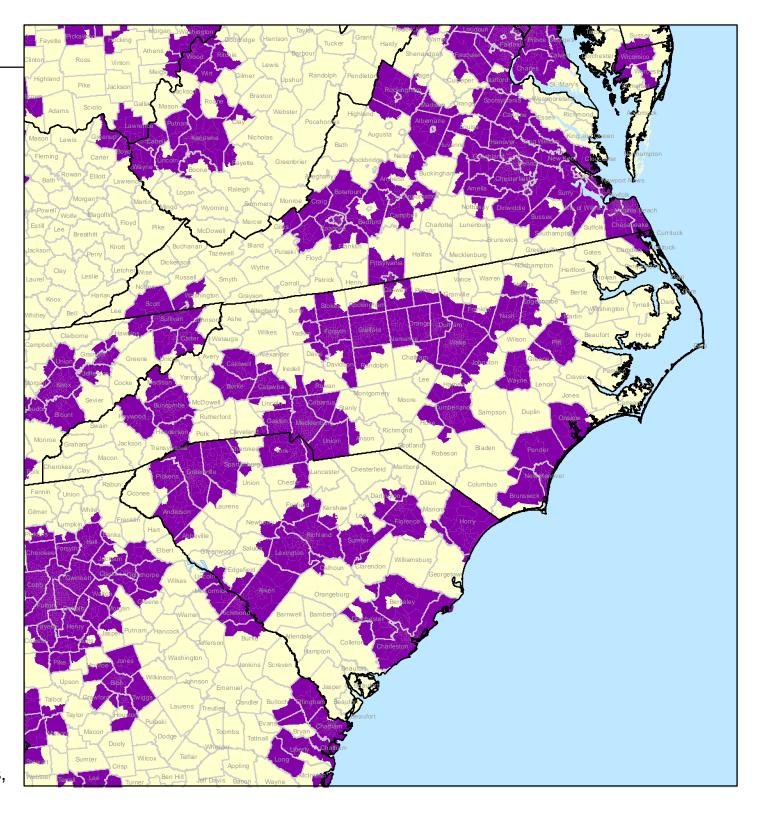
Rural: Nonmetro county

Urban: OMB metro county



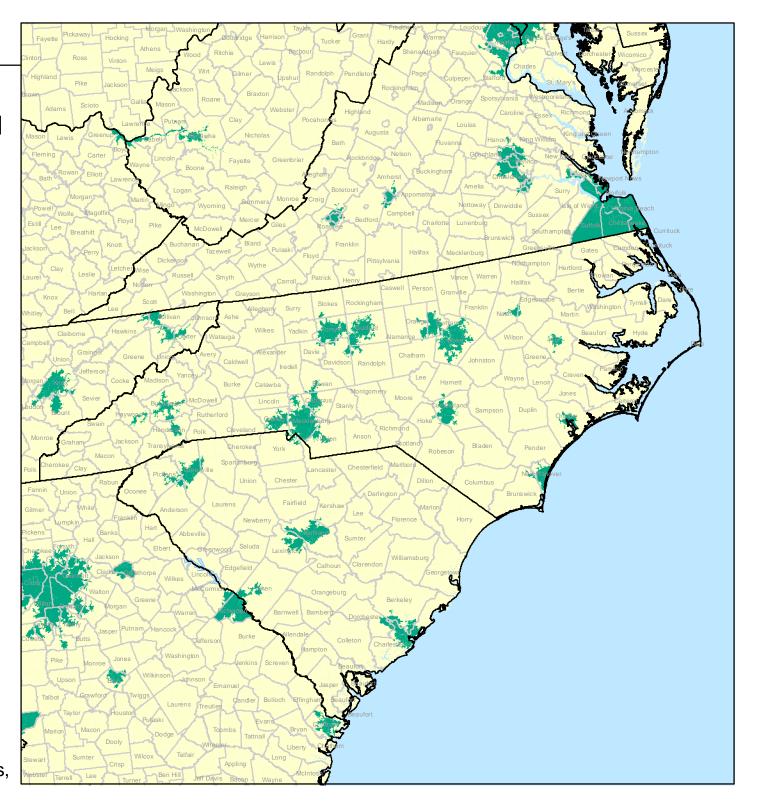
Rural definition based on Economic Research Service Rural-Urban Commuting Areas (RUCA)

Rural: RUCA tracts with codes 4-10
Urban: RUCA tracts with codes 1-3



The USDA Business and Industry ineligible locations are Census Places greater than 50,000 people and their adjacent and contiguous Urbanized Areas





| Rural Population Indicators for United States, 2000 |                        |   |        |  |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |       |
|---|------------------------|---|--------|--|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------|
|   |                        | Rural definition (see details in data appendix) |        |  |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |       |
| Rural is defined as areas<br>outside                | Census Places with a 0 |   |        | Census Urban Areas with a population ≥ |        | OMB metro counties | ERS RUCA<br>tract codes<br>1-3 | USDA B&I<br>ineligible<br>locations | U.S. total |       |
|   | 2,500                  | 10,000  | 50,000 | 2,500                                  | 10,000 | 50,000             |                                |                                     |            |       |
| Population  |                        |   |        |  |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |       |
| Total population considered rural (million)         | 87.7                   | 115.8   | 177    | 59.1                                   | 70.6   | 89.5               | 48.8                           | 57.6                                | 101.9      | 281.4 |
| Percent of population considered rural              | 31.1                   | 41.1  | 62.9   | 21                                     | 25.1   | 31.8               | 17.4                           | 20.5                                | 36.2       | N/A   |
| Percent of land area considered rural               | 97                     | 97.9  | 99     | 97.4                                   | 97.6   | 98                 | 74.6                           | 81.2                                | 97.9       | N/A   |
| Population density (people/sq mile)                 | 25.6                   | 33.4  | 50.5   | 17.1                                   | 20.4   | 25.8               | 18.5                           | 20                                  | 29.4       | 79.6  |
| Age   |                        |   |        |  |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |       |
| Percent younger than 18                             | 26                     | 25.9  | 25.7   | 26.1                                   | 26     | 25.7               | 25.2                           | 25.3                                | 25.6       | 25.6  |
| Percent 19 to 64                                    | 61.5                   | 61  | 61.1   | 61.1                                   | 60.8   | 60.7               | 59.9                           | 59.9                                | 60.7       | 61.9  |
| Percent 65 or older                                 | 12.5                   | 13.1  | 13.1   | 12.8                                   | 13.2   | 13.6               | 15                             | 14.8                                | 13.7       | 12.4  |
| Ethnicity   |                        |   |        |  |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |       |
| Percent non-Hispanic Black                          | 6.9                    | 7.2   | 8.3    | 5.9                                    | 6.6    | 7.2                | 8.4                            | 8.4                                 |            | 12    |
| Percent American Indian                             | 1.2                    | 1.1   | 0.9    | 1.6                                    | 1.6    | 1.4                |                                | 1.8                                 |            | 0.7   |
| Percent Hispanic                                    | 5                      | 5.8   | 7.8    | 4                                      | 4.8    | 6.1                | 5.3                            | 6.6                                 | 6.4        | 12.5  |
| Education   |                        |   |        |  |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |       |
| Percent not completing high school                  | 19.2                   | 19.1  | 18.4   | 21.2                                   | 21.6   | 21.8               | 23.5                           | 23.7                                | 21.4       | 19.6  |
| Percent completing high school only                 | 33.7                   | 33.1  | 31.2   | 36.2                                   | 35.8   | 35                 | 35.9                           | 35.5                                | 34.5       | 28.6  |
| Percent with only some college                      | 20.4                   | 20.5  | 21     | 20.1                                   | 20.1   | 20.3               | 19.7                           | 19.8                                | 20.5       | 21    |
| Percent with a college degree or higher             | 26.8                   | 27.3  | 29.4   | 22.5                                   | 22.4   | 22.9               | 20.8                           | 21                                  | 23.6       | 30.7  |

| Rural Population Indicators for United States, 2000                   |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------|--|--------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
|   |                                      | Rural definition (see details in data appendix) |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |
| Rural is defined as areas<br>outside                                  | Census Places with a<br>population ≥ |   |        | Census Urban Areas with a population ≥ |        |        | OMB metro counties | ERS RUCA<br>tract codes<br>1-3 | USDA B&I<br>ineligible<br>locations | U.S. total |
|   | 2,500                                | 10,000  | 50,000 | 2,500                                  | 10,000 | 50,000 |                    |                                |                                     |            |
| Income  |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |
| Average household income (\$1,000)                                    | 56                                   | 56  | 57     | 51                                     | 50     | 49     | 43                 | 43                             | 49                                  | 57         |
| Percent in near-poverty households                                    | 8                                    | 8.2   | 8      | 9                                      | 9.3    | 9.6    | 10.9               | 10.9                           | 9.5                                 | 8.6        |
| Percent in below-poverty households                                   | 9.9                                  | 10.3  | 10.5   | 11                                     | 11.7   | 12.5   | 14.8               | 14.8                           | 12.5                                | 12.4       |
| Percent in deep-poverty households                                    | 4.1                                  | 4.3   | 4.5    | 4.5                                    | 4.8    | 5.2    | 6.1                | 6.1                            | 5.2                                 | 5.6        |
| Employment  |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |
| Percent in agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting, mining industries | 4                                    | 3.5   | 2.6    | 5.6                                    | 5.2    | 4.7    | 5.7                | 5.6                            | 4.3                                 | 1.9        |
| Percent traveling > 1/2 hour to work                                  | 10.3                                 | 9.9   | 9.8    |  | 9.8    | 8.9    |                    |                                |                                     | 10.4       |
| Housing   |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |
| Percent seasonal housing  | 7                                    | 6.2   | 4.7    | 8.9                                    | 8.1    | 7      | 8.5                | 8.2                            | 6.8                                 | 3.3        |
| Percent without complete plumbing                                     | 2                                    | 1.7   | 1.3    | 2.7                                    | 2.4    | 2.1    | 2.5                | 2.4                            | 1.9                                 | 1.2        |
| Houshold composition  |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |            |
| Percent 65 and older and living alone                                 | 25                                   | 26.4  | 27.2   | 25.2                                   | 26.5   | 27.6   | 29.3               | 29.3                           | 27.8                                | 28.2       |
| Percent own children under 18 in female-headed houshold               | 13.5                                 | 14.9  | 16.5   | 12.8                                   | 14.4   | 16.2   | 18.6               | 18.8                           | 16.9                                | 20         |

## Rural Population Indicators for North Carolina, 2000

|   |       | Rural definition (see details in data appendix) |        |       |                           |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
|---|-------|---|--------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| Rural is defined as areas<br>outside        |       | Census Places with a population ≥               |        |       | iodo Orbair / irodo Witir |        | OMB metro counties | ERS RUCA<br>tract codes<br>1-3 | USDA B&I<br>ineligible<br>locations | State total |
|   | 2,500 | 10,000  | 50,000 | 2,500 | 10,000                    | 50,000 |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Population                                  |       |   |        |       |                           |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Total population considered rural (million) | 4.1   | 4.9   | 5.9    | 3.2   | 3.5                       | 4.3    | 2.6                | 2.7                            | 4.6                                 | 8.0         |
| Percent of population considered rural      | 50.8  | 60.5  | 73.1   | 39.8  | 43.4                      | 53.4   | 31.9               | 33.2                           | 57.4                                | N/A         |
| Percent of land area considered rural       | 94.2  | 96.2  | 97.7   | 92.7  | 93.3                      | 94.8   | 58.2               | 62.3                           | 95.2                                | N/A         |
| Population density (people/sq mile)         | 89.1  | 103.9   | 123.6  | 70.8  | 76.9                      | 93.1   | 90.5               | 88.0                           | 99.7                                | 165.2       |
| Age   |       |   |        |       |                           |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Percent younger than 18                     | 24.9  | 24.7  | 24.7   | 24.7  | 24.6                      | 24.5   | 24.3               | 24.0                           | 24.4                                | 24.4        |
| Percent 19 to 64                            | 63.0  | 62.7  | 62.6   | 62.9  | 62.7                      | 62.1   | 61.4               | 61.1                           | 62.1                                | 63.6        |
| Percent 65 or older                         | 12.1  | 12.6  | 12.7   | 12.5  | 12.8                      | 13.4   | 14.3               | 14.9                           | 13.4                                | 12.0        |
| Ethnicity                                   |       |   |        |       |                           |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Percent non-Hispanic Black                  | 15.5  | 16.0  | 17.5   | 15.5  | 16.6                      | 18.5   | 21.3               | 21.7                           | 18.5                                | 21.4        |
| Percent American Indian                     | 1.9   | 1.7   | 1.5    | 2.1   | 2.0                       | 1.9    | 2.7                | 2.6                            | 1.8                                 | 1.2         |
| Percent Hispanic                            | 3.4   | 3.5   | 4.0    | 3.1   | 3.3                       | 3.6    | 3.6                | 4.1                            | 3.8                                 | 4.6         |
| Education                                   |       |   |        |       |                           |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Percent not completing high school          | 24.5  | 24.2  | 23.9   | 25.8  | 25.9                      | 25.9   | 27.3               | 27.8                           | 26.0                                | 21.9        |
| Percent completing high school only         | 32.8  | 32.1  | 31.0   | 34.0  | 33.6                      | 32.7   | 32.2               | 32.3                           | 32.5                                | 28.4        |
| Percent with only some college              | 20.0  | 20.1  | 20.2   | 19.4  | 19.5                      | 19.6   | 19.5               | 19.1                           | 19.6                                | 20.5        |
| Percent with a college degree or higher     | 22.6  | 23.6  | 24.9   | 20.7  | 20.9                      | 21.7   | 21.0               | 20.7                           | 21.9                                | 29.2        |

## Rural Population Indicators for North Carolina, 2000

|   |                                      | /   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------|--|--------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
|   |                                      | Rural definition (see details in data appendix) |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Rural is defined as areas<br>outside                                  | Census Places with a<br>population ≥ |   |        | Census Urban Areas with a population ≥ |        |        | OMB metro counties | ERS RUCA<br>tract codes<br>1-3 | USDA B&I<br>ineligible<br>locations | State total |
|   | 2,500                                | 10,000  | 50,000 | 2,500                                  | 10,000 | 50,000 |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Income  |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Average household income (\$1,000)                                    | 49.0                                 | 49.0  | 49.0   | 47.0                                   | 47.0   | 46.0   | 43.0               | 43.0                           | 46.0                                | 51.0        |
| Percent in near-poverty households                                    | 9.2                                  | 9.2   | 9.3    | 9.5                                    | 9.6    | 9.9    | 10.8               | 11.0                           | 9.8                                 | 9.0         |
| Percent in below-poverty households                                   | 11.2                                 | 11.5  | 12.0   |  | 12.2   | 13.0   | 14.9               | 15.2                           | 13.0                                | 12.3        |
| Percent in deep-poverty households                                    | 4.7                                  | 4.8   | 5.2    | 4.9                                    | 5.1    | 5.6    | 6.4                | 6.6                            | 5.5                                 | 5.5         |
| Employment  |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Percent in agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting, mining industries | 2.6                                  | 2.4   | 2.1    | 3.2                                    | 3.1    | 2.7    | 3.1                | 3.3                            | 2.6                                 | 1.6         |
| Percent traveling > 1/2 hour to work                                  | 12.1                                 | 11.7  | 11.1   | 12.3                                   | 12.0   | 10.9   | 9.0                | 8.5                            | 10.6                                | 11.0        |
| Housing   |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Percent seasonal housing  | 6.4                                  | 6.4   | 5.5    | 7.3                                    | 7.5    | 6.9    | 7.9                | 8.9                            | 6.4                                 | 4.2         |
| Percent without complete plumbing                                     | 1.5                                  | 1.3   | 1.2    | 1.7                                    | 1.6    | 1.5    | 1.6                | 1.6                            | 1.4                                 | 1.1         |
| Houshold composition  |                                      |   |        |  |        |        |                    |                                |                                     |             |
| Percent 65 and older and living alone                                 | 26.4                                 | 26.9  | 27.7   | 26.8                                   | 27.2   | 27.9   | 28.5               | 28.7                           | 28.0                                | 28.3        |
| Percent own children under 18 in female-headed houshold               | 16.9                                 | 18.0  | 19.6   | 16.5                                   | 17.6   | 20.0   | 22.9               | 23.4                           | 20.4                                | 21.6        |

#### **Rural Definitions: Data Documentation and Methods**

#### Identifying Nine Rural Definitions

The rural definitions presented here are based on four sources described in detail below: Census Bureau's list of places, Census Bureau's list of urban areas, Office of Management and Budget's metropolitan areas, and ERS rural-urban commuting areas.

#### **Three Definitions Based on Census Places**

To generate statistical tabulations, the Census Bureau maintains a list of places that, in 2000, included 19,452 incorporated and 5,698 unincorporated places. Incorporated places have legally defined boundaries established by each State. Unincorporated places, known as census-designated places (CDPs), are delineated by committees of local experts to recognize population concentrations that are identifiable by name but not legally incorporated. Because they are based on administrative or locally determined boundaries and not statistical criteria, places can be of any population size or density. See a <u>list of all places in the U.S.</u> and their 2000 population, or <u>visit the Census website</u> for more details.

| Definition          | Description  | Percent of people and land area considered rural in the U.S. under definition (2000) |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Rural definition #1 | All areas outside Census places with 2,500 or more people  | 87.7 million people<br>31% of U.S. population<br>97% of U.S. land area               |
| Rural definition #2 | All areas outside Census places with 10,000 or more people | 115.8 million people<br>41% of U.S. population<br>98% of U.S. land area              |
| Rural definition #3 | All areas outside Census places with 50,000 or more people | 177 million people<br>63% of U.S. population<br>99% of U.S. land area                |

#### **Three Definitions Based on Census Urban Areas**

The U.S. Census Bureau defines an urban area as: "Core census block groups or blocks that have a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile and surrounding census blocks that have an overall density of at least 500 people per square mile."

There are two categories of urban areas. An urbanized area (UA) denotes an urban area of 50,000 or more people. An urban cluster (UC) is an urban area with fewer than 50,000 people, but more than 2,500. UAs were first delineated in the United States in the 1950 census, while UCs were added in the 2000 census. See a <u>list of urban areas in the U.S.</u> and their 2000 population, or <u>visit</u> the Census website for more details.

The Census Bureau classifies as rural all territory outside of urban areas. Definition #4 corresponds with this classification, widely recognized as the "official" Federal definition of rural for statistical purposes. Definitions #5 and #6 broaden the rural definition to include urban areas with populations less than 10,000 and 50,000, respectively.

| Definition          | Description  | Percent of people and land area considered rural in the U.S. under definition (2000) |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Rural definition #4 | All areas outside urban areas. This places the upper limit of rural at 2,500, since urban areas must have at least 2,500 people. | 59.1 million people<br>21% of U.S. population<br>97% of U.S. land area               |
| Rural definition #5 | All areas outside urban areas with 10,000 or more people.  | 70.6 million people<br>25% of U.S. population<br>98% of U.S. land area               |
| Rural definition #6 | All areas outside urban areas with 50,000 or more people.  | 89.5 million people<br>32% of U.S. population<br>98% of U.S. land area               |

# One Definition Based on Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Metropolitan Statistical Area Designation

Metropolitan statistical areas (metro areas) are geographic entities defined by the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB)</u> for use by Federal statistical agencies in collecting, tabulating, and publishing Federal statistics. A metro area includes one or more counties containing a core urban area of 50,000 or more people, together with any adjacent counties that have a high degree of social and economic integration (as measured by commuting to work) with the urban core. OMB also defines micropolitan statistical areas using the same method but centered around urban areas with at least 10,000 but no more than 50,000 people. Definition #7 classifies micropolitan counties as rural. See a <u>list of metro and micro counties</u> or visit the <u>Census website</u> for additional information.

| Definition          | Description   | Percent of people and land area considered rural in the U.S. under definition (2000) |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Rural definition #7 | All counties outside metropolitan areas in 2003 (based on 2000 census data) | 48.8 million people<br>17% of U.S. population<br>75% of U.S. land area               |

# One Definition Based on ERS Rural-Urban Commuting Area Codes (RUCAs)

The RUCA system classifies census tracts following the same theoretical concepts and data used by OMB to define metro and micro areas. Measures of population density, urbanization, and daily commuting are used to identify metropolitan, micropolitan, and small-town urban cores, adjacent tracts that are economically integrated with those cores, and outlying rural tracts. The use of census tracts instead of counties provides a different and more detailed geographic pattern of settlement classification.

The classification contains 10 primary and 30 secondary codes. Few, if any, research or policy applications need the full set of codes. Rather, the system allows for stricter or looser delimitation of metropolitan, micropolitan, and small-town commuting areas, and different definitions of rural based on selected combinations of codes. The rural definition used here consists of RUCA primary codes 4-10. In addition to the RUCA system based on census tracts, a zip code version is also available. See the <a href="Measuring Rurality Briefing Room">Measuring Rurality Briefing Room</a> for more information and data.

| Definition          | Description                                     | Percent of people and land area considered rural in the U.S. under definition (2000) |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Rural definition #8 | Census tracts with 2000 RUCA codes 4 through 10 | 57.6 million people<br>20% of U.S. population<br>81% of U.S. land area               |

# One Definition Based on USDA's Business and Industry (B&I) Loan Program Definition

As part of its eligibility criteria, the B&I Loan Program adopted a definition established in the 2002 Farm Bill that includes as rural all areas outside "places of 50,000 or more people and their adjacent and contiguous urbanized areas." This language combines criteria from two of the sources described here: Census Places and Census Urban Areas.

| Definition          | Description   | Percent of people and land area considered rural in the U.S. under definition (2000) |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Rural definition #9 | Locations outside places of 50,000 or more people and their associated urbanized areas. | 101.9 million people<br>36% of U.S. population<br>98% of U.S. land area              |

Note that all of the above definitions are based on the 2000 Census. Over time, changes, additions, and corrections are made. For the most up-to-date Census and OMB definitions, see the links to their sites.

#### **Developing Socioeconomic Indicators**

The following table summarizes the methods used to compute socioeconomic indicators presented in the data product. It is meant as a guide to those wishing to duplicate the indicators, and for those interested in more detail about the indicators. The first column lists the indicator. The second column lists the Census 2000 Summary File 3 (SF3) segment (for users of the machine-readable file). The third column gives the formula for computing the indicator, using the SF3 variable naming convention. SF3 data files and technical documentation may be downloaded from the Census Bureau's website.

| Sociodemographic Indicator             | Segment   | Variable/Formula   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Population                             |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population                       | Segment 1 | p001001  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of population considered rural | Segment 1 | Varies for each rural definition, but is always defined by (aggregate of p001001 for the defined rural area) / (aggregate of p001001 for the reference area)  In our case the reference area is either the U.S. or a particular State. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of land considered rural       | Geo       | Varies for each rural definition, but is always defined by (aggregate of AREALAND for the defined area) / (aggregate of AREALAND for the reference area) In our case the reference area is either the U.S. or a particular State.      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population density (people / sq mile)  | Geo       | p001001 / (AREALAND * .38610)<br>AREALAND is transformed from square meters  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age                                    |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent younger than 18                | Segment 1 | sum(p008003 through p008020, p008042 through p008049, p008050 through p008059) / p001001   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent 19 to 64                       | Segment 1 | sum(p008021 through p008034, p008060 through p008073) / p001001  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent 65 or older                    | Segment 1 | sum(p008035 through p008040, p008074 through p008079) / p001001  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ethnicity                              |           | •  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent non-Hispanic Black             | Segment 3 | p007004 / p001001  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent Hispanic                       | Segment 3 | p007010 / p001001  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent American Indian                | Segment 3 | p007005 / p001001  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Education (for the population 25 years and over)  |                                    |             |          |   |  |  |  |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Percent not completing high school  | Percent not completing high school |             | 4        | (p037003 through p0370019, p037020 ugh p037027) / p037001 |  |  |  |
| Percent completing high school only   | !                                  | Segment     | 3 (p03   | 37011 + p037028) / p037001                                |  |  |  |
| Percent completing some college   |                                    | Segment     | <b>1</b> | (p037012,p037013, p037029,p037030) / 7001                 |  |  |  |
| Percent completing college or more  | ,                                  | Segment     | <b>∡</b> | (p037014 through p037018, p037031 ugh p037035) / p037001  |  |  |  |
| Income  |                                    |             |          |   |  |  |  |
| Average household income (\$1000)   |                                    | Segment     | 6 p054   | 4001 / p052001  |  |  |  |
| Poverty (for the population for whom  | pove                               | erty is det | ermine   | l, i.e. not living in group quarters)                     |  |  |  |
| Percent near poverty (ratio of income to poverty level is 1.00 to 1.49)   | to                                 | Segment '   | 7 (p08   | 38005 + p088006) / p088001                                |  |  |  |
| Percent below poverty (ratio of income to poverty level is less than 1.00)  | e                                  | Segment '   | 7 (p08   | 38002 + p088003 + p088004) / p088001                      |  |  |  |
| Percent in deep poverty (ratio of income to poverty is less than .50)   |                                    | Segment '   | 7 p088   | p088002 / p088001   |  |  |  |
| Employment  |                                    |             |          |   |  |  |  |
| Percent in agriculture, forestry, fishing<br>and hunting, and mining industries (fo<br>the employed civilian population 16<br>years and over) | r                                  | Segment :   | 5 (p04   | 19003 + p049030) / p049001                                |  |  |  |
| Percent traveling 30 minutes or longer to work (for workers 16 years and over   |                                    | Segment     | 3 sum    | (p031009 through p031014) / p031002                       |  |  |  |
| Housing   |                                    |             |          |   |  |  |  |
| Percent seasonal housing (for housing units)  | Seg                                | ment 56     | h00800   | 05 / h001001  |  |  |  |
| Percent without complete plumbing Se Sacilities (for housing units)   |                                    | ment 59     | h04700   | 047003 / h047001  |  |  |  |
| Household composition   |                                    |             |          |   |  |  |  |
| Percent 65 years and older living alone   | e                                  | Segmen      | ıt 1     | (p011013 + p011016) / p011001                             |  |  |  |
| Percent own children under 18 in female-<br>headed household  |                                    | Segmen      | nt 2     | p016019 / p016001   |  |  |  |

#### **More About Census Summary File 3**

The primary source of data for building rural definitions and the associated socioeconomic indicators was Census Summary File 3. Specifically, we used summary level 85. Summary level 85 gives census data for the intersection of States-Counties-Places/Remainder-Tract-Urban/Rural. We needed to use summary level 85 in order to identify the portions of Census Places that were also part of Urban Areas.

In the case of the Census Place-based definitions, Census Urban Area-based definitions, and the Business and Industry (B&I) Loan Program definition, we were able to designate an observation as "rural" based on SF3 geographic identifiers. For the OMB-based definition, we merged a file identifying metro/nonmetro counties into SF3, matching by a county ID number. For the RUCA-based definition, we merged a file identifying tracts by RUCA code into SF3, matching by a tract ID number.

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